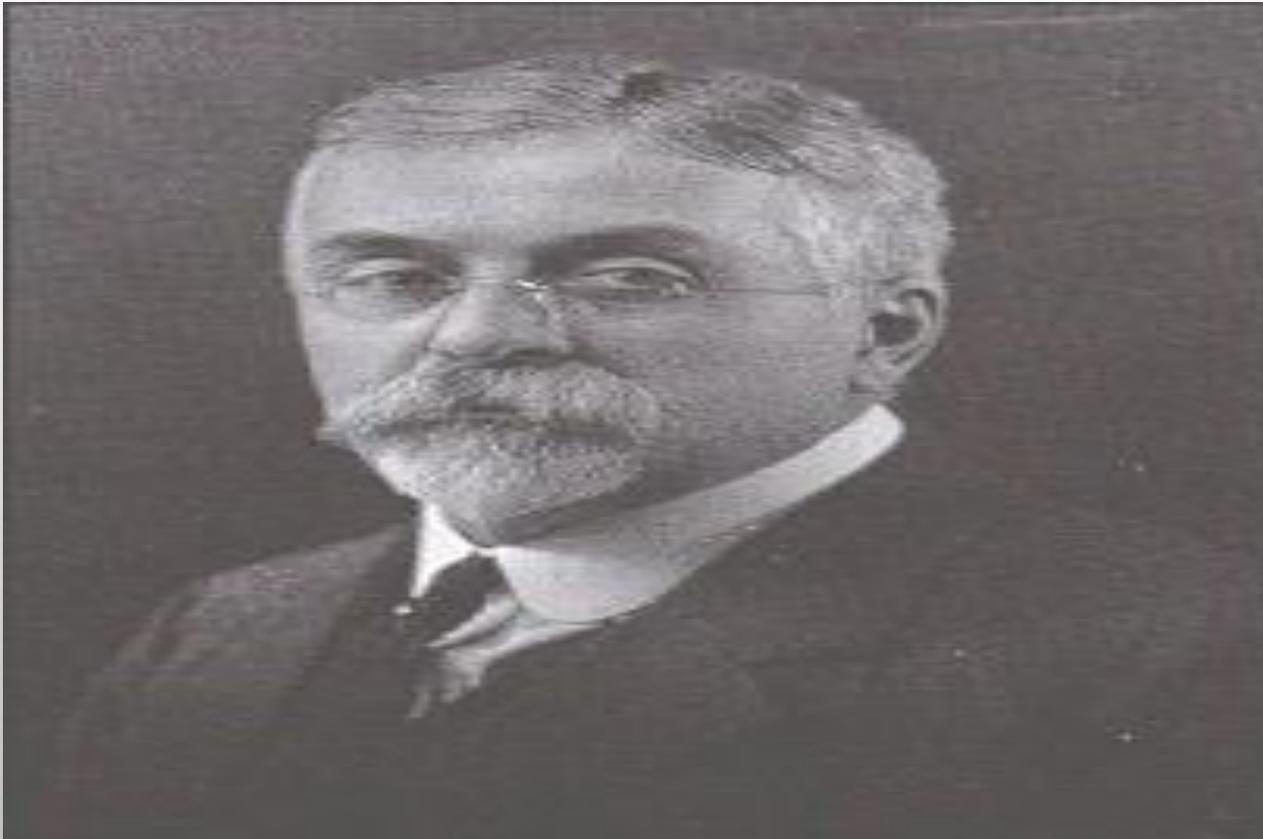


A SYNOPTIC KEY OF THE MATERIA MEDICA

Presented by,

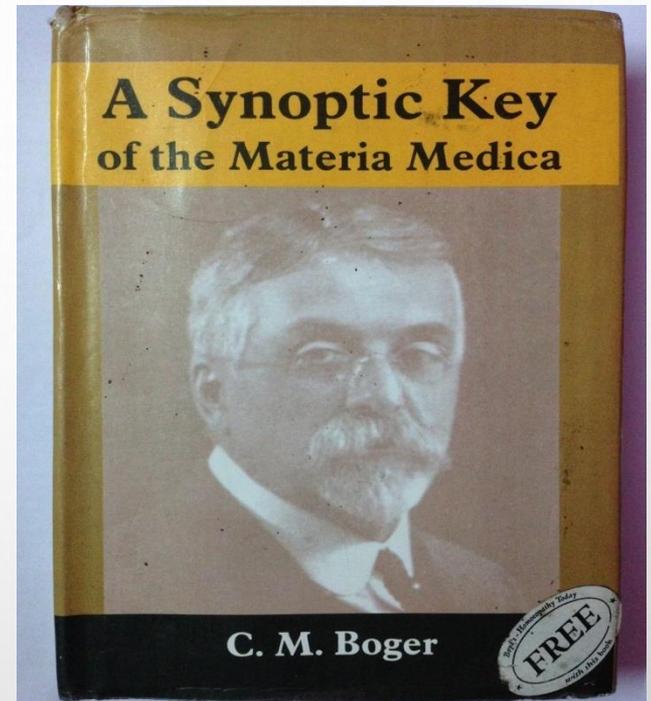
Dr. Sana Shahid
M.D. (HOM.)

AUTHOR – DR. CYRUS MAXWELL BOGER



EDITIONS OF THE BOOK

- I EDITION - 1915
- II EDITION - 1916
- III EDITION - 1928
- IV EDITION - 1931
- AUGMENTED EDITION - 1935 BY DR. BANERJEE OF KOLKATA



LAYOUT OF THE SYNOPTIC KEY

- **FOREWORD**
- **LIST OF REMEDIES IN MATERIA MEDICA PORTION**
- **PART I – ANALYSIS**
- **PART II – SYNOPSIS**
- **PART III – COMPRISES OF 4 APPENDICES**
- **LIST OF REMEDIES & THEIR ABBREVIATIONS**

FOREWORD BY C. M. BOGER

- CORRECT PRESCRIBING IS THE ART OF CAREFULLY FITTING A PATHOGENETIC TO CLINICAL SYMPTOMS, FOR THIS REQUIRES A SPECIAL APTNESS IN GRASPING THE ESSENTIAL POINTS OF SYMPTOM IMAGES, GREAT DRUDGERY IN MASTERING A WORKING KNOWLEDGE OF OUR LARGE MATERIA MEDICA.
- IN ORDER TO SIMPLIFY AND INTRODUCE METHOD INTO THIS WORK, THIS BOOK IS USED.
- FOR THIS PURPOSE, A COMBINATION OF THE ANALYTIC AND SYNOPTIC METHODS HAS BEEN USED.

- CLINICAL SYMPTOM PICTURE IS BEST OBTAINED BY ASKING THE PATIENT TO TELL HIS OWN STORY, AND IS THEN AMPLIFIED AND MORE ACCURATELY DEFINED BY THE QUESTIONER, WHO SHOULD FIRST TRY TO ELICIT EVIDENT CAUSE AND COURSE OF THE SICKNESS, TO WHICH HE WILL ADD ALL THE THINGS WHICH NOW SEEM TO INTERFERE WITH THE SUFFERER'S COMFORT.

- THE MODALITIES SHOULD BE VERY DEFINITELY ASCERTAINED. MOST VITALLY IMPORTANT ONES ARE: TIME, TEMPERATURE, OPEN AIR, POSTURE, BEING ALONE, MOTION, SLEEP, EATING AND DRINKING, TOUCH, PRESSURE, DISCHARGES ETC.

- NEXT IMPORTANT IS MENTAL STATE.
HERE THE PRESENCE OF IRRITABILITY,
SADNESS OR FEAR IS THE RULING
FACTOR.

- THIRD STEP CONCERNS THE PATIENT'S OWN DESCRIPTION OF HIS SENSATIONS ; ESPECIALLY THE FOLLOWING PRIMARY SENSATIONS: BURNING, CRAMPING, CUTTING, BURSTING, SORENESS, THROBBING AND THIRST.

- NEXT IN ORDER COMES THE ENTIRE OBJECTIVE ASPECT OR EXPRESSION OF THE SICKNESS: INCLUDES FACIAL EXPRESSION, Demeanor, NERVOUS EXCITABILITY, SENSIBILITY, RESTLESSNESS OR TORPOR, STATE OF THE SECRETIONS AND ANY ABNORMAL COLOURING THAT MAY BE PRESENT.

- **LASTLY, THE PART AFFECTED MUST BE DETERMINED, WHICH ALSO BRINGS THE INVESTIGATION IN TOUCH WITH DIAGNOSIS.**

FOR QUICK REFERENCE FOLLOWING HAS BEEN ARRANGED:

- MODALITIES:- CAUSATION, TIME, TEMPERATURE, WEATHER, OPEN AIR, POSTURE, MOTION, EATING AND DRINKING, SLEEP, IF ALONE, PRESSURE, TOUCH, DISCHARGES.
- MIND:- IRRITABILITY, SADNESS, FEAR, PLACIDITY.
- SENSATION:- BURNING, CRAMPING, CUTTING, BURSTING, SORENESS, THROBBING, THIRST.
- OBJECTIVE ASPECT:-DEMEANOR, NERVOUS EXCITABILITY, FACIAL EXPRESSION, TORPOR, SECRETIONS, COLOR, ODOUR.
- AFFECTED PART:- ORGANS, RIGHT, LEFT.

PART- I

ANALYSIS

A SHORT REPERTORY

➤ 4 SECTIONS

- THE PERIODS OF AGGRAVATION
- CONDITIONS OF AGGRAVATIONS AND AMELIORATION
- GENERALITIES I.E. CONSIDERATION OF DRUG AFFINITIES FOR THE ENTIRE ORGANISM
- REGIONAL REPERTORY

CONSTRUCTION OF THE REPERTORY

- EACH PAGE IS ARRANGED IN **TWO COLUMNS**
- NAME OF THE CHAPTER IS WRITTEN ON THE TOP OF THE PAGE IN **BOLD CAPITAL**
- RUBRICS ALSO REPRESENTED IN **BOLD CAPITAL**
- SUB RUBRICS ARE REPRESENTED IN **BOLD ROMAN LETTERS**
- SYNONYMS ARE GIVEN SOON AFTER THE RUBRIC IN **BOLD ROMAN LETTERS WITH THE PREFIX 'SEE'**
- CROSS REFERENCES ARE GIVEN AFTER THE MEDICINE IN **BOLD ROMAN LETTERS WITH THE PREFIX 'COMP.'**

GRADATION OF MEDICINES

- I ORDINARY CAPITALS – ACON
- II **BOLD ROMAN** – ACON
- III ORDINARY ROMAN – ACON

PART ONE

ANALYSIS

A Short Repertory Containing :—

- (a) The PERIODS OF AGGRAVATION.
- (b) CONDITIONS OF AGGRAVATION AND AMELIORATION.
- (c) GENERALITIES *i.e.*, consideration of drug-affinities for the entire organism.
- (d) REGIONAL REPERTORY.

TIME

PERIODICALLY, in general,
Agg. :—Aran. ARS. Cact. Ced.
CHIN. Chi-s. Eup-p. Gel. Hep.
Ip. Kali-c. Lyc. NAT-M.
Nux-v. Pul. Rhus-t. Sul.

daily, Agg. :—Aran. Ars. Caps.
Ip. Nux-v. Pul.

at same hour, Agg. :—Ant-c.
Aran. Ars. Bov. Ced. Chin-s.
Cina. Ign. Lyc. Nat-m. Saba.

alternate days, on, Agg. :—
Ars. Canth. CHIN. Ip. Lyc.
Nat-m. Nux-v. Pul. Rhus-t.

every 3rd day, Agg. :—Eup-per.

every 4th day, Agg. :—Ars.
Lyc. Pul. Saba.

weekly, Agg. :—Ars. Canth.
Chin. Gel. Iris. Lac-d. Lyc.
Pho. Sang. Sil. Sul.

every 10th day, Agg. :—Lach.
Pho.

fourteen days, Agg. :—Ars. Con.
Lach. Nic. Sang. Sul.

every 3rd week, Agg. :—Alu.
Mag-c.

every 4th week, Agg. :—Nux-v.
Sep.

every 6th week, Agg. :—Mag-m.

yearly, Agg. :—Am-c. Ant-t.
Crot-h. Echi. Elap. Lach. Lyc.
Naj. Nat-m. Rhus-t. Tarn.
Thu.

MORNING, Agg. :—Am-m. Ant-t.
Aur. Bor. Bov. Bry. Calc-c.
Cann. Carb-v. Castr. Chel. Con.
Croc. Echi. Elap. Hep. Kali-bi.
Kali-c. Kali-n. Lach. Naj.
Nat-m. Nat-n. Nat-s. Nit-ac.
NUX-V. Pho. Pod. Rhod.
Rhus-t. Saba. Scil. Sep. Sul.
Verb.

in bed, Agg. :—Alo. Amb.
Am-m. Bry. Con. Kali-c. Lyc.
Nux-v. Pho. Sep. Sul.

and evening, Agg. :—Alu. Bov.
Calc-c. Caus. Coc-c. Grap.
Kali-c. Lach. Lyc. PHO. Psor.
Rhus-t. Sang. SEP. Stram.
Stro. Thu. Ver-a.

6 A.M. :—Alo. Alu. Arn. Bov.

PART - I

- A SHORT REPERTORY CONTAINING-
 - THE PERIODS OF AGGRAVATION.
 - CONDITIONS OF AGGRAVATION AND AMELIORATION.
 - GENERALITIES I.E. CONSIDERATION OF DRUG AFFINITIES FOR THE ENTIRE ORGANISM.
 - REGIONAL REPERTORY.

THE PERIODS OF AGGRAVATION

- CONSISTS OF TIME PERIODS OF AGGRAVATIONS
- STARTS WITH THE RUBRIC **PERIODICALLY, IN GENERAL**
- TIME PERIODS ARE GIVEN IN THE ORDER OF
 - MORNING – 6 AM TO 12 NOON
 - AFTER NOON – 1 PM TO 5 PM
 - EVENING – 6 PM TO 8 PM
 - NIGHT – 9 PM TO 5 AM
- BOTH **DAY TIMINGS AND CLOCK TIMINGS ARE GIVEN**
- PERIODICALLY----- DAILY, AGG ; AT SAME HOUR, AGG; WEEKLY, AGG ETC

CONDITIONS OF AGGRAVATIONS AND AMELIORATION

- RUBRICS ARRANGED ALPHABETICALLY FROM **AIR TO YAWNING**
- CAN BE TAKEN **AS CAUSATIVE MODALITIES.**
- **SOME IMPORTANT RUBRICS** : ANTICIPATION <; BREAKFAST <; DUST,FEATHERS ETC <; EMOTIONS <; FEMALES <; FOODS DRINKS, <; MENTAL EXERTION<; MOON PHASE, FULL MOON <; MOON LIGHT, <; VACCINATION <; POSITION<; RISING FROM SITTING <; SEA, <; SEASONS <; SMOKE<; SLEEP<; WOOLLENS<.

GENERALITIES

- IT CONSISTS OF THE CONSIDERATION OF THE DRUG AFFINITIES OF THE ENTIRE ORGANISM
- RUBRICS ARE ARRANGED IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER ACHING TO YELLOW.
- RUBRICS INCLUDE LOCATIONS IN GENERAL LIKE BONES, JOINTS; SENSATIONS; COMPLAINTS; PATHOLOGICAL GENERALS; CLINICAL RUBRICS; MENTAL RUBRICS

WEATHER, temperature, etc.,
change. see **Change**.

dry, clear, **Agg.** see **Dry**.

frosty, **Agg.** see **Frost**.

hot, **Agg.** see **Seasons**.

humid, heavy, foggy, etc., **Agg.**
see **Humid**.

wet, **Agg.** see **Dampness**.
Amel. see **Dry**.

and warm, **Agg.** see **Humid**.

WEEPING, **Agg.**:—**Arn.** **Bell.**
Hep.
Amel.:—**Grap.** **Lach.** **Pul.**

WIND, draft, etc., **Agg.**:—**Aco.**
Ars. **BELL.** **Calc-c.** **Calc-p.**
Caps. **Cham.** **Chin.** **Colch.**
Colo. **Hep.** **Kali-c.** **Lach.** **Lyc.**
Nux-v. **Pho.** **Pho-ac.** **Pul.** **Rhod.**
Rhus-t. **Samb.** **Sele.** **SIL.** **Stro.**
SUL.

Comp. **Change**.

north wind, **Agg.**:—**Ars.** **Asar.**
Carb-v. **Caus.** **Hep.** **Nux-v.** **Sep.**
Spo. **Zin.**
Amel.:—**Iod.**

WIPING, **Agg.**:—**Ars.** **Grap.** **Mur-**
ac.
Amel. (**Eyes**):—**Calc-c.** **Cina.**
Cyc. **Euphr.** **Nat-c.**

WOOLENS, **Agg.**:—**Merc.** **Psor.**
Pul. **Rhus-t.** **Sul.**

WRITING, **Agg.** see **Fingers**.

YAWNING, **Agg.**:—**Cina.** **IGN.**
Kre. **NUX-V.** **Rhus-t.** **Sars.**

GENERALITIES

ACHING:—**Agar.** **Arn.** **Bap.** **Bry.**
Carb-v. **Chin.** **Cimi.** **Dul.** **Eup-**
p. **Gel.** **Hyo.** **Ign.** **Lach.** **Merc-**
i-f. **Nux-v.** **Phyt.** **Rhus-t.** **Ver-v.**

ACRIDITY, excoriations, etc.:—
ARS. **Ars-io.** **Aru-t.** **Bro.** **Caus.**
Cepa. **Cham.** **Grap.** **Hep.** **Iod.**
Kre. **Lyc.** **MERC.** **Merc-c.**
Nit-ac. **Pho.** **Rhus-t.** **Sep.** **Sil.**
SUL.

ADHESIVE, adherent, torn loose,
etc.—**Berb.** **Bry.** **Calc-c.** **Colo.**
Hep. **Kali-bi.** **Kali-io.** **Nux-v.**
Pho. **Plb.** **Pul.** **RHUS-T.** **SEP.**
Stan.

ALBUMINOUS, glairy discharges:
—**Alu.** **Am-m.** **Berb.** **BOR.**
Coc-c. **Jat.** **NAT-M.** **Pall.** **Petr.**
Seneg. **Sep.** **Stan.**
Comp. **Gelatinous**.

ALIVE SENSATION:—**Cann.**
Coccl. **CROC.** **Cyc.** **Ign.** **Op.**
Pul. **Sabi.** **Sil.** **Sul.** **THU.**
Comp. **Formication**.

ALTERNATING effects, states,
sides, etc.:—**Agar.** **Bell.** **Cimi.**
Coccl. **Croc.** **Glo.** **Ign.** **LAC-C.**
Lach. **LYC.** **Pho.** **Pul.** **SUL.**
Comp. **Periodicity**, **Waves**.

AMMONIACAL ODOR:—**Am-**
c. **Asaf.** **Aur.** **Benz-ac.** **Iod.**
Lac-c. **Lach.** **Mos.** **Nit-ac.** **Pho.**
Stro.

ANAEMIA, chlorosis, etc.:—**Ars.**
Calc-c. **Calc-p.** **CHIN.** **FER.**
Kali-c. **Nat-m.** **Nit-ac.** **Nux-v.**
Pho. **Pul.** **Sul.**

ANEURISM:—**Aur.** **Bar-c.** **Cart-**
v. **Lach.** **Lyc.** **Pul.** **Sul.** **Thu.**

APOPLEXY:—**Aco.** **Arn.** **Bell.**
Coccl. **Gel.** **Glo.** **Hyd-ac.** **Kali-**
m. **Lach.** **Lyc.** **Nux-v.** **Op.** **Pul.**

ARTHRITIC. see **Joints**.

ASLEEP, see **Numbness**.

ASSOCIATED effects:—**Ars.**
Cham. **Merc.** **Nux-v.** **Pho.**
PUL. **Sep.** **Sul.**

ATHEROMA, see **Calculi**.

REGIONAL REPERTORY

- GIVEN AS SUBCHAPTERS
- STARTS WITH INTELLECT & ENDS WITH SWEAT
- EACH SUBCHAPTERS ARE SEPARATED BY A HORIZONTAL LINE

WHITENESS:—Ant-t. Ars. CALC-
C. Carb-v. Chel. Chin. Cina.
Dig. Fer. Grap. Kali-m. LAC-
C. MERC. Nat-m. Pho. Pho-
ac. Pul. Sep. Sul. Ver-a.

WIND, DRAFT, AIR BLOWING
on part, through a hole, etc.,
as of:—Aur. Cam. Chel. Coral.
Culex. FLU-AC. Helod. HEP.
Lac-d. Lil-t. Sul.

WRITINGS. see **Fingers.**

YELLOW:—Aco. Ars. Bry. Calc-
c. Cham. CHEL. Chin. Con.
Crot-h. Eup-p. Fer. Hyds. Iris.
Kali-bi. Kali-c. Lach. LYC.
MERC. Nit-ac. Nux-v. Pho.
Plb. Pod. PUL. SEP. Sul.

golden, bright or orange:—Æth.
Alo. Alu. Card-m. CHEL.
Cina. Colch. Kali-c. Kali-p.
Merc. NUX-M. Pho. Sang.
SUL-AC.

INTELLECT

**ACO. Anac. Aur. Bapt. BAR-
C. BELL. Cann. Coccl. HELL.
HYO. Ign. LACH. Laur. LYC.
Merc. Nat-c. Nux-v. OP. PHO.
PHO-AC. Plat. Pul. Rhus-t.
SEP. STRAM. Sul. VER-A.**

MIND

MIND:—Aco. Ars. Aur. BELL.
Bry. Calc-c. Cham. Chin. HYO.
Ign. LACH. Lil-t. Lyc. Nat-c.
Nat-m. NUX-V. Op. Pho. Pho-
ac. Plat. PUL. Sep. STRAM.
Sul. Ver-a.

ABSENCE OF, abstracted, etc.:—
Aco. Ap. Asar. CAUS. CHAM.
Laur. Old. Plat. PUL. SEP.
Sul.

ABUSIVE scolding, quarrel-
some:—Aur. CHAM. Hyo. Ign.
LYC. NUX-V. Ran-b.

ACTIVE. acute:—COF. OP.

ALTERNATIONS:—Alu. Aur.
Bell. Croc. Con. Fer. IGN.
NUX-M. Plat. Stram. Sul-ac.
Val. Ver-a. Zin.

mental with physical:—Ign. Lil-t.
Plat.

nervous with physical:—Saba.
Comp. Changing.

AMATIVE, erotic, amorous, etc.
:—Ag-c. Canth. HYO. Lach.
Lyc. Pho. Plat. Ver-a.

ANGER, irritability, fretfulness,
bad temper, vexation, etc.:—
Aco. Ant-c. Aru-t. Aur. Bry.
Calc-c. CHAM. Cina. Colo.
Ign. Iod. LYC. Nat-m. Nit-ac.
NUX-V. Pho. Sep. Stap. Sul.
Comp. Emotions.

ANGUISH:—Aco. ARS. Aur.
Dig. Lach. Stram. Ver-a.

ANIMATION, vivacity, cheerfulness,
exaltation:—Aur. Bell.
CANN. COF. Croc. Hyo. Nat-
c. Op. Plat. Spo. Stram.

ANSWERS, slow:—Gel. Pho-ac.
Thu. Zin.

ANTHROPOPHOBIA, bashful,
shy, etc.:—Amb. Anac. BAR-
C. Coccl. Hyo. Kali-p. Lyc.
Nat-m. PUL. Sil.
Comp. Company, Cowardly.

ANTICIPATION:—Arg-n. Ars.
Carb-v. Gel. Lyc. Med. Plb.
Pho-ac. Sil.

ANXIETY. see **Fearsome.**

APATHY. see **Inactive.**

APPROACHED. see **Touched.**

AVARICIOUS, greedy, miserly:—
Lyc. Pul. Sul.

REGIONAL

- INTELLECT, MIND, HEAD, EXTERNAL HEAD, BONES AND SCALP, EYES, VISION, EARS, HEARING, NOSE AND ACCESSORY CAVITIES, FACE, TEETH, GUMS, PALATE, TONGUE, MOUTH AND THROAT, SALIVA, TASTE, APPETITE, AVERSIONS, THIRST, CRAVINGS AND DESIRES, WATER BRASH, HEART BURN, QUALMISHNESS, HICCOUGH, NAUSEA, REGURGITATION, RETCHING AND GAGGING, VOMITING, ERUCTATIONS, EPIGASTRIUM, STOMACH AND ABDOMEN, EXTERNAL ABDOMEN, HYPOCHONDRIA, FLATULENCE, GROINS, ANUS AND RECTUM, PERINEUM, STOOL, MICTURITION, URINE, SEDIMENT, URINARY ORGANS, GENITALS, MALE ORGANS, FEMALE ORGANS, SEXUAL IMPULSE, MENSTRUATION, LEUCORRHOEA, RESPIRATION, COUGH, LARYNX AND TRACHEA, VOICE AND SPEECH, EXTERNAL THROAT, NECK, CHEST AND LUNGS, EXTERNAL CHEST, AXILLAE, MAMMAE, NIPPLES, HEART, CIRCULATION AND PULSE; BACK, SPINE AND CORD (SCAPULAR REGION, DORSAL REGION, LUMBAR REGION, SACRUM), UPPER LIMBS, LOWER LIMBS, SKIN, SLEEP; CHILL, CHILLINESS, COLDNESS ETC.; HEAT, SWEAT.

CERTAIN RUBRICS WHICH ARE NOT FOUND IN KENT'S REPERTORY

- **ASSOCIATED EFFECTS (P.30),**
- **FORCED THROUGH NARROW OPENING, AS IF (P.36),**
- **POMPOUS(P.53),**
- **BREAKFAST AGG (P.20),**
- **DINNER AGG (P.22),**
- **HERE AND THERE (P.38),**
- **INTERNAL AFFECTION (P.39),**
- **LOOSE AS IF(P.39),**
- **LUMPY EFFECTS (P.39),**
- **SHORT AS IF TOO(P.44),**
- **VENOSITY(P.48),**
- **WALK IMPULSE TO(P.48),**
- **ABSORVENT ACTION(P.355),**
- **ACIDOSIS(P.356),**
- **CONICAL FORMATION(P.367) ETC.**

IN REPERTORY SECTION IF WE COMPARE THE RUBRICS WITH CORRESPONDING RUBRICS IN KENT'S REPERTORY WE FIND THAT BOGER HAS TAKEN DRUGS FROM KENT'S REPERTORY. OFTEN HE TAKES ALL THE BOLD TYPE DRUGS, SOMETIMES THE ONES IN ORDINARY TYPE ALSO. FROM SOME RUBRICS HE HAS LEFT OUT DRUGS AND IN SOME HE HAS ADDED NEW ONES.

FOR EXAMPLE:

IN THE RUBRIC 'ACTIVITY FRUITLESS'(P.356) BOGER HAS GIVEN *AP.*, *BOR.*, *CAL-C.*, *STAN.*, *THER.*, WHEREAS IN KENT'S REPERTORY ONLY *STAN.* IS PRESENT.

UNDER RUBRIC 'WILD FEELING' (P.95) KENT HAS GIVEN *BAPT.*, *LIL-T.*, *MED.* WHILE BOGER HAS GIVEN(P.54) *AMB.*, *CIMI.*, *LIL-T.*

UNDER 'SIGHING'(P.80), KENT HAS GIVEN *ARG-N* IN ORDINARY TYPE AND *CAL-P* IN BOLD WHILE BOGER (P.53&422) OMITTS *CAL-P* AND TAKES *ARG-N* AND ADDS *APOC.*

- BOGER HAS ALSO GENERALIZED MANY RUBRICS.
- FOR EXAMPLE, KENT REP. HAS RUBRIC SUCH AS 'DISCHARGE, BLACK', 'SKIN, DISCOLORATION, BLACKISH'(P.1 305), 'SKIN, ULCERS,BLACK(P1 333)',MENSES BLACK(P.724) ETC WHEREAS BOGER HAS GIVEN ALL IN ONE RUBRIC 'BLACK'(P.31)
- REMEDIES GIVEN UNDER THE RUBRIC OFFENSIVENESS(P.41) CAN BE EXPECTED TO HAVE OFFENSIVENESS IN GENERAL INCLUDING OFFENSIVENESS OF ANY DISCHARGE SUCH AS EXPECTORATION, LEUCORRHOEA, MENSES, URINE, SWEAT ETC. BUT IF PATIENT HAS OFFENSIVE STOOL OR URINE ITS IS BETTER TO LOOK ALSO UNDER THE RUBRIC 'STOOL, BAD ODOUR'(P.80), 'URINE ODOUR FOUL'(P.83) ETC FOR ADDITIONAL REMEDIES COVERING THIS PARTICULAR SYMPTOM.
- THERE IS RUBRIC 'GREASY, OILY, FATTY'(P.37) WHICH CAN BE APPLY TO ANYTHING E.G. SKIN, ANY DISCHARGE, TASTE ETC

- THE RUBRIC HEADINGS GIVEN BY BOGER ARE CHOSEN VERY CAREFULLY AND HAVE WIDE MEANINGS E.G. THE RUBRIC 'ASCENDING AGG' INCLUDES REMEDIES WHICH ARE < BY ASCENDING IN THE AIR AS IN FLYING OR ASCENDING IN A LIFT OR ASCENDING ON THE MOUNTAIN OR ASCENDING UP THE STAIRS.
- THE RUBRIC 'ABORTION' GIVES NOT ONLY ALL THE REMEDIES INDICATED IN ACTUAL ABORTION BUT ALSO THOSE WHICH COVER THE AFTER-EFFECTS OF ABORTION AND TENDENCY FOR HABITUAL ABORTION.
- THE RUBRIC 'FORCED THROUGH A NARROW OPENING, AS IF' CAN BE APPLY TO SUCH VARIED CONDITIONS AS HERNIA, STRICTURE, STENOSIS, FEELING AS IF FOOD IS OBSTRUCTED IN OESOPHAGUS, CARDIOSPASM, PROPTOSIS ETC.

- KENT HAS GIVEN A RUBRIC 'ATTITUDE BIZARRE' IN MIND CHAPTER BUT BOGER HAS TRANSFERRED THIS TO THE GENERALITIES CHAPTER SO THAT IT BECOMES BOTH A MENTAL AND PHYSICAL SYMPTOM.

PART -II

SYNOPSIS

- AN EXPOSITION OF THE **IMPORTANT AND CHARACTERISTIC FEATURES** OF THE MOST IMPORTANT REMEDIES OF THE HOMOEOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA, WITH THEIR-
 - PHYSIOLOGICAL SPHERES OF ACTIVITIES
 - MODALITIES
 - RELATIONSHIPS
- 323 REMEDIES FROM ABROTANUM TO ZINC VALERIANATE WITH GRADATION OF SYMPTOMS (USING SIMILAR 3 GRADATIONS USED IN REPERTORY PART).

THE SYNOPSIS

- *GENERAL EXPRESSION OR GENIUS* OF EACH REMEDY
- STRAIN WHICH RUNS THROUGH EVERY PATHOGENETIC COMPLEX HAS BEEN CALLED THE “**GENIUS**” OF THE DRUG. ITS PROPER PLACE IN THE PRESCRIPTION SHOULD BE THE IDEAL OF EVERY PRESCRIBER.

CONSTRUCTION OF SYNOPSIS

- NAME OF THE MEDICINE WRITTEN ON THE TOP OF THE PAGE IN **BOLD CAPITALS**
- FOLLOWED BY 2 COLUMNS - **RT & LT**
- ON LEFT COLUMN – **REGION I.E., SPHERE OF ACTION OF THE REMEDY**
- ON RIGHT COLUMN - MODALITIES AS **WORSE & BETTER**
- FOLLOWED BY CHARACTERISTIC FEATURES OF THE REMEDY AS A **SINGLE PARAGRAPH**
- BY **BRACKETING THE MOST NEARLY AFFILIATED REMEDIES AFTER SOME OF THE SYMPTOMS**
- FOLLOWED BY ANTIDOTES; COMPLEMENTARY & RELATED AND [NOT SEEN IN EVERY MEDICINES]

ABROTANUM

REGION

Nerves.

Nutrition.

Veins.

WORSE

Cold Air. Wet.
Checked Secretions.
Night. Fogs.

BETTER

Loose Stool (Nat-s. Zin.).
Motion.

Numb, weak, tremulous and paretic. Can't hold up head. Exudations, into pleura, joints, from navel, etc. **True metastases**; receding gout, etc. **Alternations**; piles with rheumatism (Coll. Sabi.). Rheumatism, after diarrhoea. **Emaciation**; ascending; of legs..... Cross, irritable children. Pale hollow eyed, old face. Distended veins; on forehead. Nosebleed; of youths. Vomits much offensive fluid. Stomach floats in water (Buf.). **Bloated abdomen**. Pains in left ovary. Nightly backache. Weak joints; can't hold up head. Face cold, dry and wrinkled. Cold, prickling, numb fingers and toes. Flabby skin. Protruding piles; burn on touch. Related: Chin. Led.

ACONITE

REGION

MIND. Brain.

NERVES

{ Medulla.
Sympathetic.
Vagus.
Respiratory
Centre.

HEART

{ Arterial.
Circulation.

Viscera

{ Larynx.
Chest.
Abdomen.

Joints.

WORSE

Violent Emotions

{ FRIGHT.
SHOCK.
Vexation

Sleeping in Sun.

Chilled by

{ COLD, dry
winds.
While Sweating.

Pressure and Touch.

Dentition. During Noise. Light-Menses.

Night; in Bed. P.M. Lying on Side.

BETTER

Open Air. Repose.
Warm Sweat.

The background of the slide is a light gray gradient. In the top-left and bottom-right corners, there are several realistic-looking water droplets of various sizes, rendered with soft shadows and highlights to give them a three-dimensional appearance. The text 'PART III' is centered in the middle of the slide.

PART III

TABLE OF APPROXIMATE DURATION OF ACTION OF REMEDIES

- MINIMUM DURATION OF ACTION OF 127 REMEDIES ARE GIVEN, BY WEEKS
- THE NO. OF WEEKS MENTIONED AS SUPERSCRIPIT... EX:- PHOS⁵ - 5 WEEKS.
- 2 IMPORTANT QUOTATIONS :
 - “AS LONG AS **OLD AILMENTS REAPPEAR OR ARE WORSE**, WITHOUT THE APPEARANCE OF ESSENTIALLY NEW SYMPTOMS WHICH LIE OUTSIDE OF ITS SPHERE OF ACTION, WE SHOULD GUARD AGAINST A REPETITION OF THE REMEDY, OR CHANGING TO A NEW ONE – **BOENNINGHAUSEN**.”
 - “**SYMPTOMS APPEARING LAST** IN A PROVING HAVE THE HIGHEST VALUE – **HERING**.”

Table of the approximate minimum **Duration of Action of Remedies** by weeks.

Aco.	Agar. ³	Ag-c. ¹	Alu. ⁴	Amb. ⁴	Am-c. ⁴
Am-m. ²	Anac. ³	Ang. ²	Ant-c. ⁵	Ant-t. ²	Arg-m. ²
Arn. ²	Ars. ⁴	Asaf. ⁴	Asar. ¹	Aur. ⁴	Bar-c. ³
Bism. ³	Bor. ²	Bov. ⁴	Brom. ²	Bry. ²	Bell. ³
Cam. ¹	Cann. ¹	Canth. ²	Caps. ²	Carb-an. ⁴	Carb-v. ⁴
Caust. ⁵	Cham. ¹	Chel. ¹	Chin. ³	Chi-s. ²	Cic. ⁴
Clem. ⁴	Coccl. ²	Cof.	Colch. ³	Coloc. ⁴	Con. ³
Crot-h. ³	Cup. ³	Cyc. ²	Dig. ³	Dros. ²	Dulc. ⁴
Euphor. ⁴	Fer. ⁵	Flu-ac. ³	Grap. ⁵	Guai. ³	Hell. ³
Hyos. ¹	Ign. ¹	Iod. ⁴	Ip.	Kali-c. ⁵	Kali-n. ⁴
Laur.	Led. ⁴	Lyc. ⁵	Mag-c. ⁵	Mag-m. ⁴	Mang. ⁴
Men. ²	Merc. ²	Mez. ⁴	Mos.	Mur-ac. ³	Nat-c. ⁴
Nit-ac. ⁴	Nux-m. ¹	Nux-v. ²	Old. ³	Op.	Par.
Pho. ⁵	Pho-ac. ⁴	Plat. ⁴	Plb. ³	Pru-s. ³	Pul. ¹
Ran-sc. ⁴	Rhe.	Rhod. ⁴	Rhus-t. ⁴	Rut. ¹	Saba. ³
Sabi. ⁴	Samb.	Sars. ³	Sec-c. ²	Sele. ⁴	Seneg. ³
Sabi. ⁴	Samb.	Sars. ³	Sec-c. ²	Sele. ⁴	Seneg. ³
Sep. ⁶	Sil. ⁶	Spi. ²	Spo. ³	Squ. ²	Stan. ⁴
Stron. ⁴	Sul. ⁵	Sul-ac. ³	Tarax.	Thu. ³	Valer. ¹
Verb. ¹	Vio-o. ¹	Vio-t. ¹	Zin. ⁴		

As long as old ailments reappear or are worse, without the appearance of essentially new symptoms which lie outside of its sphere of action, we should guard against a repetition of the remedy, or changing to a new one.—Bœnninghausen.

Symptoms appearing last in a proving have the highest value.—Hering.

COMPLEMENTARY **REMEDIES**

- A LIST OF 114 REMEDIES
- FROM ABROTANUM TO ZINCUM
- WITH THEIR COMPLEMENTARY REMEDIES
- WITH GRADATIONS....BOLD ROMAN & ORDINARY ROMAN ARE USED.
- THE INTRODUCTION OF GRADATION IN THE COMPLEMENTARY RELATIONSHIP IS A UNIQUE CONCEPT.
- EX.: ASAFOETIDA– CAUS., **PULS**; BARYTA CARB – ANT-T ;CONIUM- **PHOS**, SIL; NATRUM CARB – SEP.

- ABROTANUM**—Bry. Kali-bi.
 Lyc.
ACETIC ACID—Chin.
ACONITE—Arn. Bell. Bry. Cof.
 Mill. Phos. Spo. Sul.
ÆTHUSA—Cal-c.
ALLIUM SATIVA—Ars
ALOES—Sul.
ALUMINA—Bry. Fer.
ANTIMONIUM CRUDUM—
 Scil.
ANTIMONIUM TART.—Bar-c.
APIS—Arn. Ars. Bar-c. Hell.
 Merc-cy. Nat-m. Pul.
ARGENTUM NITRICUM—
 Calc-c. Nat-m. Pul. Sep.
ARNICA—Aco. Calc-c. Nat-s.
 Psor. Rhus-t. Sul-ac.
ARSENICUM—All-s. Carb-v.
 Lach. Nat-s. Phos. Pul. Sul.
 Thu.
ARUM TRI.—Nit-ac.
ASAFÆTIDA—Caus. Pul.
ASARUM—Caus. Pul. Sil.
BARYTA CARB.—Ant-t.
BELLADONNA—Bor. Calc-c.
 Hep. Merc. Nat-m.
BRYONIA—Abro. Alu. Kali-c.
 Lyc. Rhus-t. Sep. Sul.
BUFO—Calc-c.
CACTUS—Ars.
CALADIUM—Nit-ac.
CALCAREA CARB.—Bar-c.
 Lyc. Sil.
CALCAREA FLOUR.—Rhus-t.
CALCAREA PHOS.—Ruta.
 Sul. Zin.
CALENDULA—Hep.
CANTHARIS—Apis.
CAPSICUM—Nat-m.
CARBO AN.—Calc-ph.
- CARBO VEG.**—Ars. Chin.
 Kali-c. Lach. Phos.
CAUSTICUM—Grap. Lach.
 Petros. Sep. Stan. Stap.
CEPA—Phos. Pul. Sars. Thu.
CHAMOMILLA—Bell. Calc-c.
 Mag-c. Sanic.
CHELIDONIUM—Lyc. Merc-d.
CHINA—Ars. Calc-p. Carb-v.
 Fer. Kali-c.
CINA—Calc-c. Dros. Sul.
CINNABAR—Thu.
CLEMATIS—Merc.
COCCULUS IND.—Petr.
COFFEA—Aco.
COLCHICUM—Ars. Spi.
COLOCYNTHIS—Caus. Merc.
 Stap.
CONIUM—Phos. Sil.
CORALLIUM RUB.—Sul.
CROTALUS HOR.—Carb-v.
 Lycps.
CUPRUM—Ars. Calc-c. Iod.
DROSER—Carb-v. Nux-v.
 Sul.
DULCAMARA—Alu. Bar-c.
 Nat-s.
FERRUM—Alu. Ars. Chin.
 Ham.
FERRUM PHOS.—Nat-m.
FLUORIC ACID—Sil.
GELSEMIUM—Arg-n. Sep.
GLONOIN—Bell.
GRAPHITES—Ars. Caus. Fer.
 Hep. Lyc. Sul.
HAMMAMELIS—Fer. Flu-ac.
HELLEBORUS—Zinc.
HEPAR—Iod. Sil.
IGNATIA—Nat-m. Pho-ac. Pul.
 Sep.
IODINE—Bad. Lyc. Sil.

ANTAGONISTIC **REMEDIES**

- **IT CONTAINS 35 REMEDIES FROM ACETIC ACID TO ZINCUM**
- **WITH THEIR ANTAGONISTIC REMEDIES (INIMICAL RELATIONSHIP).**
- **WITHOUT ANY GRADATIONS**
- **EX. : APIS -RHUS TOX; COLOCYNTH- CAUST; LYCOPODIUM- NUX MOS; MERCURIUS-LACH. SIL; PHOSPHORUS- CAUST; SEPIA-LACH.**

- ACETIC ACID — Bor. Caus.
Nux-v. Ran-b. Sars.
AMMONIUM CARB.—Lach.
APIS—Rhus-t.
BELLADONNA—Dulc.
BENZOIC ACID—Copaiv.
CAMPHOR—Kali-n.
CANTHARIS—Cof.
CARBO VEG.—Kreosot.
CAUSTICUM — Acet-ac. Cof.
Colo. Kali-n. Nux-v. Pho.
CHAMOMILLA—Zinc.
CHINA—Dig. Sele.
COCCULUS—Cof.
COFFEA—Canth. Caus. Coccl.
Ign.
COLOCYNTH—Caus.
DIGITALIS—Strop.
DULCAMARA—Bell. Lach.
IGNATIA—Cof. Nux-v.
IPECAC—Chin. Op.
KALI NIT.—Cam. Caus. Ran-b.
LACHESIS—Am-c. Dul. Nit-ac.
Sep.
LYCOPodium—Nux-mos.
MERCURY—Lach. Sil.
NITRIC-ACID—Lach. Nat-m.
NUX MOSCHATA—Lyc. Nux-v.
Pul. Rhus-t. Sil. Squ.
NUX VOMICA—Acet-ac. Caus.
Ign. Nux-m. Zin.
PHOSPHORUS—Caus.
PULSATILLA—Nux-m.
RANUNCULUS BULB.—
Acet-ac. Kali-n.
SARSAPARILLA—Acet-ac.
SELENIUM—Chin.
SEPIA—Lach.
SILICA—Merc. Nux-m.
STAPHYSAGRIA—Ran-b.
SULPHUR—Nux-m. Ran-b.
ZINCUM—Cham. Nux-v.
-

SUPPLEMENTARY **REFERENCE TABLE**

- ❑ WITH A FOREWORD BY C.M. BOGER. HE MENTIONS THAT IT HAS BEEN ENLARGED CONSIDERABLY, ESPECIALLY BY TRANSFERRING MOST OF THE COMPARISONS TO IT FROM THE TEXT OF RESPECTIVE REMEDIES.
- ❑ **BENEFIT:**
- ❑ HERE RUBRICS ARE ARRANGED ALPHABETICALLY, WITH SUB RUBRICS.
- ❑ MANY RUBRICS ARE PROVIDED WITH PAGE NUMBER AGAINST THEM FOR EASY REFERENCE AS AN INDEX TO ANALYSIS PART WITH GRADATION OF MEDICINES.
- ❑ THE ADDITIONAL SUBRUBRICS & MEDICINES MENTIONED IN THIS SECTION SHOULD BE COMBINEDLY REFERRED TO WITH ANALYSIS PART.
- ❑ CLINICAL CONDITIONS PERTAINING TO VARIOUS PARTS OF BODY ARE VIVIDLY DESCRIBED UNDER SPECIFIC PART.

ABDOMEN—76.

aches, sick in—Lept. Pod. Pul.
 Rhus-t. Ver-v.
 alternating with—Bry. Colo.
 Nux-v. Radm. Ran-b.
 ball, lump, as of a, etc.—
 Anac. Kre. Verb.
 band about—Caus. Chel. Chio.
 Plb. Pul. Sul.
 burning—Caps. Caus. Manc.
 changing, about, in—Mur-ac.
 chest, to—Æth. Cham.
 clawing—Bell. Lyc.
 cold—Cad-s.
 contracted—Mag-p.
 coughing, Agg.—Ant-t. Dro.
 Nux-v. Pho.
 covers, lifts—Bell. Lac-c. Lach.
 Lil-t. Pho. Sec-c. Stap. Tab.
 cramp, colic, griping—Op. Plb.
 Polyg. Rad. Strop. Sul.
 Zin-val.
 nightly—Cham. Chin. Cyc.
 cutting in—Dios.
 distended—Vario.
 empty—Sec-c.
 fulness—Kali-m.
 grinding, boring — Flu-ac.
 Polyg. Sars.
 groins, to—(Kali-c.) Pul.
 hands on, Agg.—Zin-chr.
 hanging or fallen down—
 Acet-ac. Laur. Pho. Pod.
 Sep.
 hard—Bar-c. Calc-c.
 head, alternating with—Alo.
 Bry. Calc-p. Pod. Thu.
 heavy, weight, as of—Cup.
 Lyc. Spi. Tab. (r.).
 holds—Lil-t. Merc. Stap.
 knots, lumps in—Ars. Ign.
 Plb. Saba.

ABDOMEN

large—78. Alu. Carb-v. Colch.
 Sil. Syph. Tub. Vario.
 numb—Aco. Bry. Plat. Pul.
 Sars.
 pushing—Thu.
 quivering—Sabi.
 radiating pains—Plb.
 retracted—Hyds. Plb.
 rubs—Aran. Kali-c. Mag-c.
 Nat-s. Pho. Plb.
 sore—77. Pho. Rhus-t.
 squeezing in—Ant-t. Coccl.
 Colo. Scop. Stap.
 standing <—Nat-p
 stiff—Lil-t. Rhus-t.
 stitches—Bry. Sul.
 stones in—Ant-t. Calc-c. Coccl.
 Colo. Hyds. Nux-m. Osm.
 Scop. Sep.
 sunken—Kali-bro.
 swashing—See **Gurgling**.
 tension—Ap. Lil-t. Rhus-t.
 Scop.
 thighs, into—Lil-t. Mag-p.
 Sabal. Stap. Thyр.
 uncovering, Amel.—Cam. Med.
 Sec-c. Tab. Vip.
 weak—Merc.

ABORTUS—84.

Tenesmus Recti, Agg.—Bell.
 Calc-c. Coccl. Con. Ip. Lyc.
 Merc. Nux-v. Rhus-t. Sep.
 Sul.
 third month—Bell. Plb. Sabi.
 Sep.

ABSCESS—46.

ABSENTMINDED—49. Calc-p.

ABSORBENT ACTION—Arn.
 Kali-io.

SOME RUBRICS UNDER **SUPPLEMENTARY REFERENCE** **TABLE**

❑ ASTHMA –86

BRONCHIAL – TERB; CATARRHAL – CALAD., CAPS; WITH CORYZA – JUST; DRY WEATHER – CHAM; OF HAY FEVER – ARU-T, CHLOR; FROM HIVES – APIS; HUMID – CANN.

❑ BACK – 94

ACNE – RUMEX; CYST ON – **PHOS**; MENTAL EXERTION – PIC-AC; STIFFNESS ASCENDS – ARS.

❑ BONES–31. 97. 98

EXOSTOSES – SULPH IOD, SYPH; WEATHER CHANGES AGG. –20 AM-C.

❑ BURNS –32

URT-U.

❑ CALCULI –32

COC – C.

❑ DUODENUM – POD, URAN-N.

❑ X-RAY BURNS – CALC FL.

LIST OF REMEDIES AND THEIR ABBREVIATIONS

- ❖ IT CONTAINS 489 MEDICINES.
- ❖ FROM ABIES CANADENSIS TO ZIZIA AUREA.
- ❖ WITH THEIR ABBREVIATIONS USED IN REPERTORY.

LIST OF REMEDIES AND THEIR ABBREVIATIONS.

Serial No.	Name of Remedies.	...	Abbreviations.
1.	Abies Canadensis	...	Ab-c.
2.	Abies Nigra	...	Abies-n.
3.	Abrotanum	...	Abro.
4.	Absinthium	...	Abs.
5.	Acalypha Indica	...	Acaly.
6.	Acetic Acid	...	Acet-ac.
7.	Aconitum Napellus	...	Aco.
8.	Actea Racemosa	...	Act-r.
9.	Actea Spicata	...	Act-sp.
10.	Adonis Vernalis	...	Ado.
11.	Æsculus Hippocastanum	...	Æsc.
12.	Æthusa Cynapium	...	Æth.
13.	Agaricus Muscarius	...	Agar.
14.	Agnus Castus	...	Ag-c.
15.	Ailanthus Glandulosa	...	Ail.
16.	Aletris Farinosa	...	Alet.
17.	Allium Ceba	...	All-c.
18.	Allium Sativum	...	Al-sat
19.	Aloe Socotrina	...	Alo.
20.	Alumina	...	Alu.
21.	Ambra Grisea	...	Amb.
22.	Ambrosia Artemisiæfolia	...	Ambros.
23.	Ammonium Carbonicum	...	Am-c.
24.	Ammonium Muriaticum	...	Am-m.
25.	Ammonium Phosphoricum	...	Am-p.
26.	Amyl Nitrite	...	Amy-n.
27.	Anacardium Orientale	...	Anac.
28.	Angustura	...	Ang.
29.	Anantherum Muriaticum	...	Anan.
30.	Anthraxin	...	Anthx.
31.	Antimonium Crudum	...	Ant-c.

SCOPE OF BOGER **SYNOPTIC KEY**

- **Synopsis i.e., the whole sphere of action of drugs is presented in a nut shell.**
- **Modalities are given which is helpful for prescription esp. In the repertory section i.e., time and conditions of aggravation and amelioration.**
- **Sphere of action of drug are given which will help physician to study or classify the drugs in a group which in turn will help clinician in quick prescribing.**
- **The repertory is intended to orient the searcher.**

SCOPE OF BOGER **SYNOPTIC KEY**

- **Complementary and related medicine given at the end that will help physician in prescribing.**
- **Concept of materia medica & repertory together, helps for easy reference**
- **Gradation of symptoms in synopsis is very valuable**
- **As less number of medicines are used in repertory, it helps for quick bed side reference**
- **Part III, supplementary reference table is the highlight of this book**

LIMITATION OF BOGER SYNOPTIC KEY

- LIST OF MEDICINE IS VERY LESS.
- CONTAIN LESS NUMBER OF NOSODES.
- NUMBER OF THE RELATED MEDICINE IS LESS.
- IT CAN'T BE USED FOR SYSTEMATIC REPERTORISATION.
- RUBRICS IN EACH CHAPTER IS VERY LESS WITH LESS NUMBER OF MEDICINE.

CASE - 1

MR K. A. L. ,35YRS OLD MALE, AN ENGINEER BY PROFESSION STARTED VOMITING AT NIGHTS. HE WAS HOSPITALISED AND INVESTIGATED, BA MEAL AND X-RAYS SHOWED N.A.D. GASTRIC ANALYSIS REVEALED HYPERCHLORHYDRIA. HE WAS TREATED FOR THIS WITH ALLOPATHIC MED. WITH LITTLE RELIEF.AT THE MOMENT HE HAD HEAVINESS OF STOMACH WITH DULL PAIN STARTING HALF AN HOUR AFTER FOOD AND LASTING AN HOUR; WITH THE PAIN HE HAD HEADACHE;AND BECOME VERY IRRITABLE AND IMPATIENT. THE PAIN WAS AGG. BY HEAVY FOOD , STARCHY FOOD , SPICES, TEA AND EXERTION AND WAS MUCH RELIEVED EVEN BY A VERY SHORT NAP.IF THE PAIN WAS VERY SEVER, HE INDUCED VOMITING WHICH AMELIORATED.HE PREFERRED EGGS, HOT FOOD AND DRINKS. OTHERWISE THERE WAS NOTHING WORTH REPORTING.THE CASE WAS REPERTORISED USING BOGER SYNOPTIC KEY AND RUBRICS CHOSEN ARE:

SLEEP AMEL(P28) + DISCHARGE AMEL(P21)=ARS,NUX-V,PUL,SEP,ZN

SOURNESS(P45)=NUX-V,PUL,SEP

HURRY,IMPATIENCE(P51)=NUX-V

ANGER,IRRITABILITY(P49)=NUX-V

THE ONLY REMEDY WHICH COMES THROUGH WAS NUX-V SO ONE DOSE OF NUX-V 1M WAS PRESCRIBED. THERE WAS AN IMMEDIATE AND VERY GRATIFYING RESPONSE TO THE REMEDY AND PT. FELT COMPETELY WELL IN ONE WEEK'S TIME.HOWEVER THERE WERE SLIGHT RELAPSES.

AND THE REMEDY HAD TO BE REPEATED TWICE BUT WITH THE LAST DOSE THE WHOLE CONDITION CLEARED UP COMPLETELY.

CASE - 2

A CHILD ABOUT AGE OF 11 MONTHS. HE DEVELOPED ITCHING ERUPTIONS ALL OVER THE BODY. THE FATHER WAS VERY WELL-TO-DO AND WAS IMPATIENT THAT HIS SON SHOULD BE CURED QUICKLY. THE SYMPTOMS OF THE CHILD BESIDES THE ERUPTION WERE THAT HE WAS OBESE AND HAD WHITISH STOOLS. AND THE MOST PECULIAR SYMPTOM WAS THE THOUGH HE MIGHT BE LIVELY AND PLAYFUL THE WHOLE DAY, AS SOON AS HE STARTED FEELING SLEEPY HE WOULD SCREAM HIS HEAD OFF. FOLLOWING RUBRICS WERE CONSULTED FROM SYNOPTIC KEY:

SLEEP BEFORE, AGG(P28) + STOOL WHITE (P81)=ARS, CAL-C, MERC., PHOS

CHILDREN(P32)=CALC-C., MERC.

OBEISITY(P41)= CALC-C

CALC-C 1M GAVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF THOUGH HE HAD RELAPSES AFTER SOME TIME AND MED WAS REPEATED AT INTERVALS UPTO DMM TO CURE HIM COMPLETELY.

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The background is a light gray gradient with several realistic water droplets of various sizes scattered across the top and bottom edges. The droplets have highlights and shadows, giving them a three-dimensional appearance.

THANK YOU